

Township of Woolwich Housing Needs Assessment

Committee of the Whole Meeting November 5, 2024



Agenda

- 1. Project Overview
- 2. Housing Needs Assessment Findings
- 3. Action Plan Recommendations
- 4. Questions

Phases and Timelines



June

Project Initiation

Start-Up Meeting
Research and Engagement
Plan
Document and Data
Collection

July-August

Assessment & Consultation

Review Local Housing Policy
and Strategies
Housing Data Analysis
Community Engagement
Review Funding Programs, Best
Practices

September-November

Housing Action & Implementation

Final Housing Needs
Assessment and Council
Presentation

The Housing Continuum



Housing Needs Assessment Findings

Population & Housing Growth Forecast

- The Township has seen an 8.0% increase of population over the last census period
- It is growing at a higher rate than the province (5.8%), but not as high as Waterloo Region as a whole (9.9%)
- The population is expected to grow to 28,500 residents by mid 2024 and 36,433 residents by the year 2034
- The employment growth is expected to remain steady through to 2034
- As of the 2021 Census, over 23% of the population of the Township of Woolwich is aged 60 or above
- This points to a need for seniors housing with accessible design considerations as this population continues to age and mirrors a need throughout much of the province of Ontario
- The Township also has a high population of children, with 27.2% of people under the age of 20
- This reflects the larger number of families in the community, as well as larger family sizes, and affects
 Woolwich's housing needs, specifically unit sizes and types of dwellings

Income & Housing Tenure

- Woolwich has a noticeably higher share of high-income households as compared to the province of Ontario average
- 49% of households earning \$100,000 or more per year after tax (36.5% in Ontario)
- 13% of households earning less than \$40,000 per year after tax (19.1% in Ontario)
- As of the date of data collection for the 2021 Census, there were a collective 998 purpose-built rental units in the Township of Woolwich and Township of North Dumfries (reported together by CMHC)
- The 1,505 renter households in Woolwich by itself, identified through Census data, suggests that many renter
 households live in secondary rental units (e.g., rented ownership households, duplex apartments, accessory
 apartments, or non-registered rental spaces)
- The disparity between renter households and purpose-built rental units indicates the importance of the Township of Woolwich encouraging the development of rental units
- Current and past vacancy rates in the Township of Woolwich are significantly lower than that, estimated to be at around 0.7% across all unit types in 2023. Vacancy rates below 3 can drive up rents as tenants compete for fewer units.

Affordability Challenges

- Housing costs (ownership and rental) are deeply unaffordable for those making minimum wage or in receipt of Ontario Works or ODSP
- There is significant a disparity between renter households and purposebuilt rental units; Woolwich may need to continue to add new purpose-built rental units in the future
- Of 9,005 households, 540 were found to be in core housing need (6%) as of 2021 (12.1% in Ontario)
- 13.7% of households in Woolwich were found to be living in unaffordable dwellings, with 18.4% living in unaffordable, unsuitable, or inadequate housing

Acute Needs

There is an **acute need** for:

- Attainable ownership housing, including modest units within reach of first-time home buyers and those looking to downsize.
- Rental housing at various price points, including deeply affordable RGI units.
- Fully accessible 1 and 2-bedroom rental units, as well as larger 3-bedroom+ rental units to accommodate large families and multigenerational households.
- Attainable row housing, ground level units in stacked towns and medium to higher density apartments with accessibility features targeting older adults.
- Infill developments and subdivisions with increased housing density and a variety of unit types (e.g., stacked towns, duplexes, and ARUs).

Housing Action - Strategic Priority Areas Identified

Nine recommendations across four strategic priorities have been identified that support the outcome of increasing the supply of affordable and attainable housing:

- 1. Advocacy, Awareness & Outreach
- 2. Policy & Zoning
- 3. Innovation
- 4. Monitoring & Process Improvements

Action Plan Recommendations

| Initiative | Description | Comments |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Leverage the | Local developers willing to meet with | This could be added to the workplan and agendas for the |
| Development | municipal staff and "talk through" some | Development Liaison Committee, and sample |
| Liaison Committee | proformas to determine types and | subdivision layouts developed with a diversity of building |
| to Gather Feedback | combinations of units to be incorporated | typologies that are workable for local developers. |
| & Share Resources | into new subdivisions or infill projects | |
| Host a System Integration Summit | Connect private, non-profit and gov't organizations with the aim of developing inter-sectoral partnerships that would enable local service agencies, non-profits and developers to leverage existing assets to build more housing | Stakeholder engagement highlighted a need for increased cross sectoral engagement and partnerships. Leveraging local assets and knowledge pertaining to supportive housing and support services could better serve populations with special needs and promote housing stability and create additional residential units within the Township. |

Action Plan Recommendations

| Initiative | Description | Comments |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Greater | Enhance ongoing collaboration with | No single level of government can solve the housing supply |
| Collaboration with | the Region and engage in joint | challenges alone. Enhance continuous and ongoing |
| Region of Waterloo | advocacy at the Provincial and Federal levels. | collaboration with the Region to ensure alignment and |
| | | efficiency in addressing housing and homelessness issues. |
| | | Joint advocacy for stronger rent control measures at the |
| | | provincial level could support legislative changes that |
| | | would have a positive impact on renters within the |
| | | Township. |
| Development of a | The Township can develop a Surplus | Township staff should maintain a short-list of high-impact |
| Surplus Lands | Lands Disposal policy or procedure | community projects that would address gaps identified in |
| Disposal Policy or Procedure | , | the Housing Needs Assessment. These could include, but |
| | the use of municipally owned sites | are not limited to, below market rate seniors' housing, |
| | for high-impact community projects. | deeply affordable housing and RGI units, modest |
| | | accessible units, and larger family-sized rental units and |
| | | attainable ownership units. |

Action Plan Recommendations

| Initiative | Description | Comments |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Enact Municipal | By-law allows creation of an agreement to | Assistance for municipal capital facilities from a |
| Capital Facilities | create relationships with external parties to | municipality can include: granting or lending money; |
| By-Law | deliver services on behalf of the municipality. | transferring or leasing property; guaranteed |
| | | borrowing; and property tax exemptions or reductions |
| | | |
| CIP | Community Improvement Plan (CIPs) can be | The project area should align with the new settlement |
| Enhancements | used as a tool to offer incentives that | area boundaries in their entirety, ensuring that all |
| for Affordable | encourage development of affordable housing, | developers have access to the program and that |
| Housing | renovations and conversions of properties from | affordable housing is not concentrated in certain |
| | non-residential to residential. | areas within the villages. |

Action Plan Recommendations:

| Initiative | Description | Comments |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| Promote and Accept a | Promote and allow more housing types that | Encouraging alternative forms of housing |
| Range of Housing | serve vulnerable populations to ensure | construction such as manufactured housing, |
| Models | affordable options are available to all in the | prefabricated housing, and tiny homes can |
| | community. | expand housing options available in the |
| | | community. |
| E-Permitting System | The implementation of an E-permitting system | System enhancements may increase capacity |
| and Integrated | through an online portal for development | for Township staff to manage the volume of |
| Software for Housing | applications, permit issuance and fee | planning applications in a timely fashion and |
| Development | payments to increase staff capacity as | increase ease of circulation to commenting |
| | required. | agencies. |
| Develop Tracking | Develop tools for evaluation of the housing | Staff will be able to use these tools to assess |
| Tools to Monitor | goals and objectives and inform strategic | progress and inform actions to ensure return on |
| Progress | priorities for the Township of Woolwich. | investments. |
| | | |

Thank You!

